Automated Processing of Phenotypic Data Submissions

R. Mayani¹, K. Vahi¹, JL. Ambite¹, S. Sharma¹, M. Azaro², S. Wilson², B. Ruocco², G. Davis², M. Romanella², L. Brzustowicz², E. Deelman¹, Y. Arens¹

1 = University of Southern California, Information Sciences Institute, 2 = Rutgers University, Genetics Department

Motivation

- The NIMH Repository & Genomics Resource (NRGR) is a sharing repository that maintains biomaterials, genetic data, and clinical data of individuals with a range of psychiatric illnesses, their family members, and unaffected controls.
- Goal is to provide data & samples to researchers to accelerate psychiatric genetics research.
- NRGR receives demographic data, summary and detailed clinical data from NIMH funded studies and makes this data accessible in a secure, access-controlled fashion.
 - NRGR hosts data from 226 studies, and 350+ requests to access these datasets have been approved.
- Different NIMH funded studies collect data in ad-hoc formats, so same information could be collected with varying representations, For example, studies could collect Gender information as 0 or 1, M or F, Male or Female.
 - It is difficult for researchers to consume data from multiple studies with differing formats.
- Data can be even more valuable, if standardized.
 - Previously, the curation efforts were largely manual with ad-hoc standardization procedures in place that led to inconsistencies and variance across studies and disorders.
 - Automated quality control system (AutoQC) streamlines and formalizes phenotypic data submissions ensuring stringent data quality requirements.

Design Goals

- Web Based -
 - No need to install any complex software.
 - Reduces learning curve.
- **Easy & Flexible Data Dictionaries**
 - Support system-defined requirements for all studies. For example, Gender specified as M or F.
 - Allow study-defined data dictionaries for data unique to the study.
- Fire and Forget
 - Users can submit their data and monitor the progress in real time.
 - Users can submit their data to the system, and log out without interrupting the curation processes.
- Scalable and Responsive
 - System to be responsive and scalable, so multiple simultaneous submissions do not overwhelm the system and impact response times.

Basic Checks using Data Dictionary

- **Descriptive Fields**
- name, unit, description fields describe data being collected in the clinical instrument.
- Type Checks
 - type field defines the data type of the value expected in submission, i.e. integer, string, etc.
- Range Checks
 - min and max fields define the range of valid values.
- Length Checks –
- min length and max length fields define length restrictions for textual values.
- Relational Database styled Checks
 - primary_key, unique, and mandatory fields are used to represent database styled primary key, unique key, and NULL constraints respectively.
- Conditionally Required Fields
 - mandatory field also allows for an expression, i.e. value is required if the expression evaluates to
- Both System defined and Study defined requirements are expressed using this data dictionary. Examples below.
- **Standard Demographic Data**
- Race Ethnicity Data
- Detailed Diagnosis Data

| name | unit | type | min | max | mandatory | values |
|-------|-------|------------------|-----|-------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| age | years | integer | 0.0 | 120.0 | y | |
| twins | | string,fixed_set | | | c["subject_type"] != "DUMMY" | Monozygotic Dizygotic |

Ancestry Checks on Family Data

- Ancestry information is important factor in psychiatric genetic research.
 - Ensure individuals identified as fathers are also Males.
 - Ensure individuals identified as mothers are also Females.
 - Ensures individuals identified as parents are older than their children.
 - Ensure every family has at least one individual identified as a proband.

Advanced Checks

- **Semantic Checks**
 - Ensure there are no mismatches: age >= age of onset, current_year year of birth >= age.
 - Ensure year of death is specified if an individual is marked as deceased.
- Ensure consent value is specified for non-dummy individuals.
- Correlate data with NRGR records
 - NRGR collects both, electronic clinical data and physical bio-samples (blood, saliva, etc.) from individuals.
 - System ensures clinical data and bio-samples can be correlated with each other.
- Ensures study and site id specified in submission are valid and registered with NRGR.
- Other Checks -
 - Ensures diagnosis codes specified are valid within the specified diagnosis systems (DSM, etc.).
 - Ensures all subjects with clinical interview data also have a record in standard demographic and diagnostic file.
- **Suggested Corrections**
 - AutoQC suggests valid values for common issues, for example
 - Change diagnosis code to 238.00 from 238.0.

Scalability with Pegasus WMS

- AutoQC runs submissions using Pegasus WMS managed scientific workflows.
- Pegasus WMS allows user submissions to be queued and run on a cluster in a distributed fashion using HTCondor.
- Pegasus WMS ensures the system doesn't get overwhelmed by too many submissions running simultaneously, and impacting system response times.
- Pegasus WMS allows adding or removing more computing nodes to the cluster without impacting running curation processes.

Screenshots

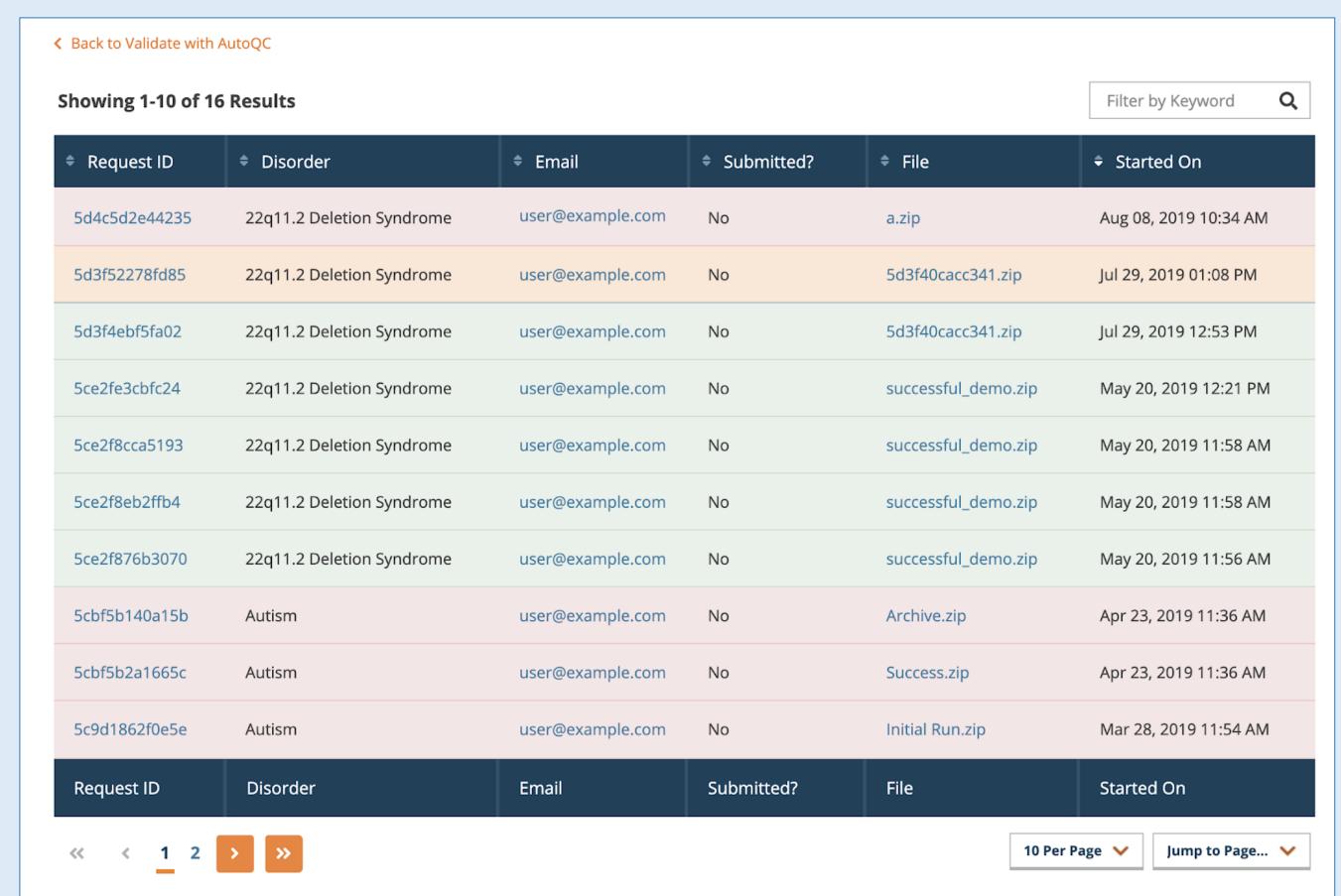


Figure 1: Dashboard listing users' past curation runs.

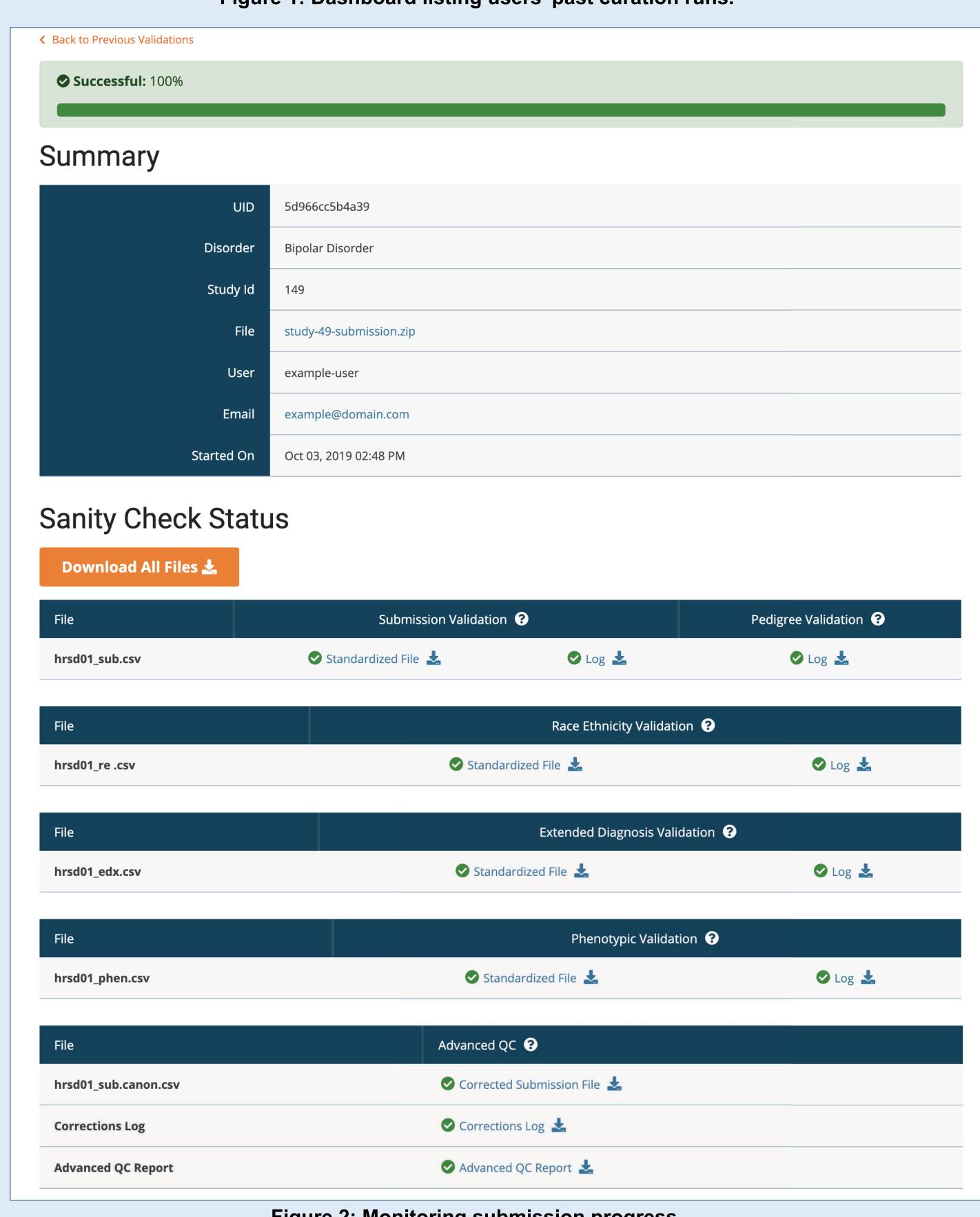


Figure 2: Monitoring submission progress. Phenotypic Validation is done using Study defined data-dictionaries.

Important Links –

AutoQC www.nimhgenetics.org/submit-your-data/overview Pegasus WMS – pegasus.isi.edu













