

Overview

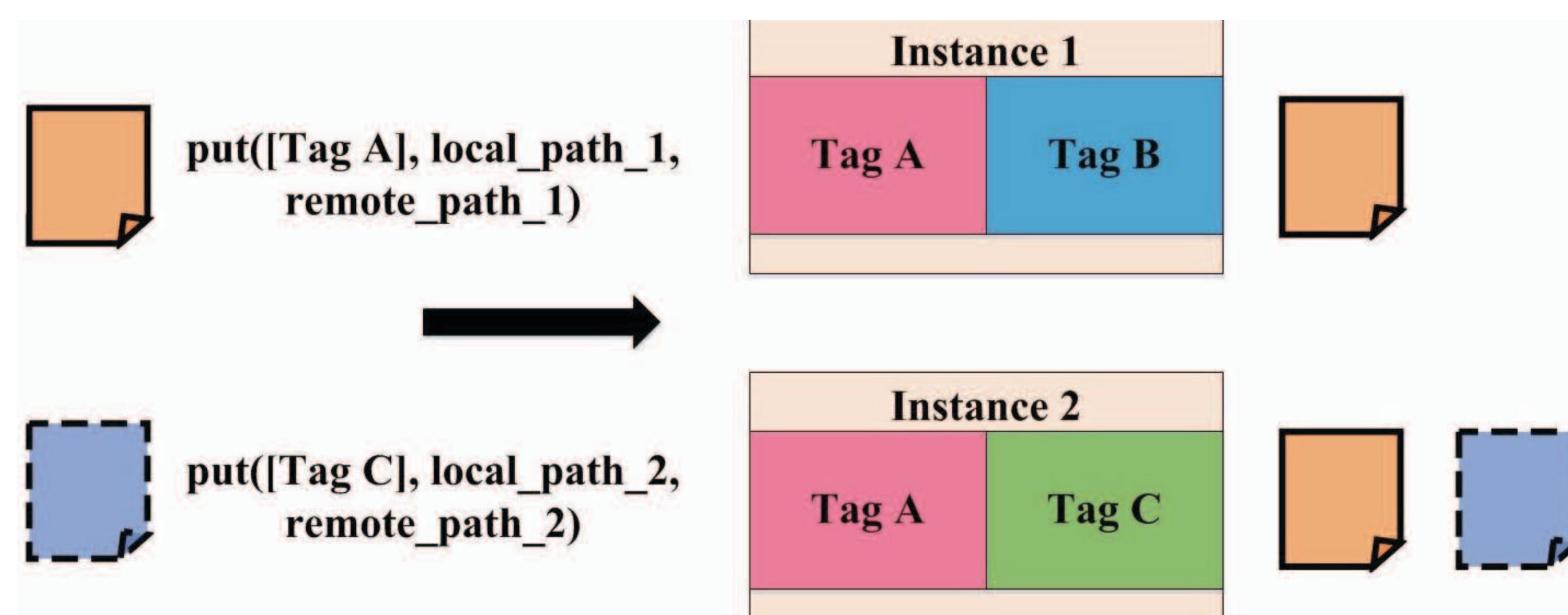
PRECIP, Pegasus Repeatable Experiments for the Cloud in Python, is a new API which manages scientific experiments on the FutureGrid test bed. PRECIP was developed to be used on academic cloud infrastructures such as OpenStack, as well as commercial ones like Amazon Web Services. PRECIP provides a solid and easy to use API for end user computer science but can also be used as an exploration playground for evaluating cloud systems. The goal of the API is to be flexible and simple to use in Python to control your experiments, and provide the base for repeatable, shareable and peer reviewable experiments.

Benefits of PRECIP

- Cloud interoperability. The scientist only needs to learn the API to run or move experiments across multiple clouds.
- Repeatability. The scientists can run the same experiment for evaluation and peer reviewing purposes over and over again with reproducible results.
- Automatic logging. PRECIP steps are time stamped and fully recorded.
- Instance tagging. Tags are used to handle experiment resources.
- Basic managing of provisioning, SSH keys, and security groups in a fault tolerance manner.
- PRECIP will clean all leftovers after itself at the end of each experiment.

Instance Tagging

- A flexible and powerful handle for addressing a large number of instances.
- Arbitrary tags can be attached to an instance during its provisioning phase
- Each instance can have an arbitrary number of tags.
- Tags are global and available during the whole experiment.
- Tags are used to identify, manipulate and interact with instances.



Uploading files to subset of instances identified by tags

Example

This example illustrates how to use PRECIP to test the performance of an application. In this case, PRECIP sets up a HTCondor pool and executes a workflow.

```

#!/usr/bin/python

import os
import time

from precip import *

try:
    exp = OpenStackExperiment(
        os.environ['OPENSTACK_URL'],
        os.environ['OPENSTACK_ACCESS_KEY'],
        os.environ['OPENSTACK_SECRET_KEY'])

    exp.provision("ami-0000004c", tags=["master"], instance_type="m1.large")
    exp.provision("ami-0000004c", tags=["compute"], instance_type="m1.large", count=2)

    exp.wait() # Wait for all instances to boot and become accessible
               # - this acts like a barrier for the experiment to start

    master_priv_addr = exp.get_private_hostnames(["master"])[0] # The workers get the
                                                               # private host name of the master

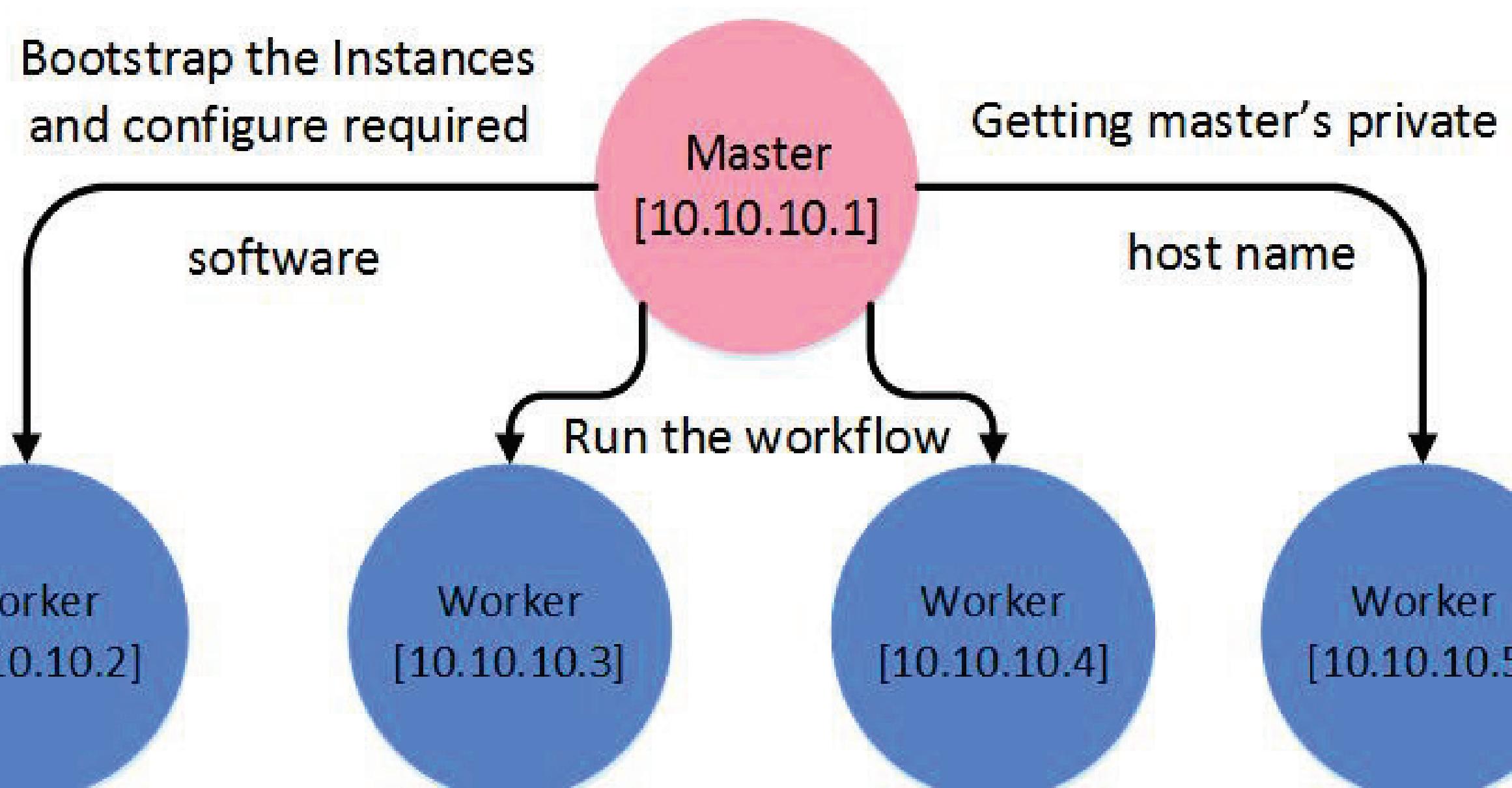
    exp.copy_and_run(["master"], "./bootstrap.sh")
    exp.copy_and_run(["compute"], "./bootstrap.sh", args=[master_priv_addr])

    time.sleep(60) # Installing HTCondor and Pegasus

    exp.run(["master"], "condor_status") # Run the Workflow

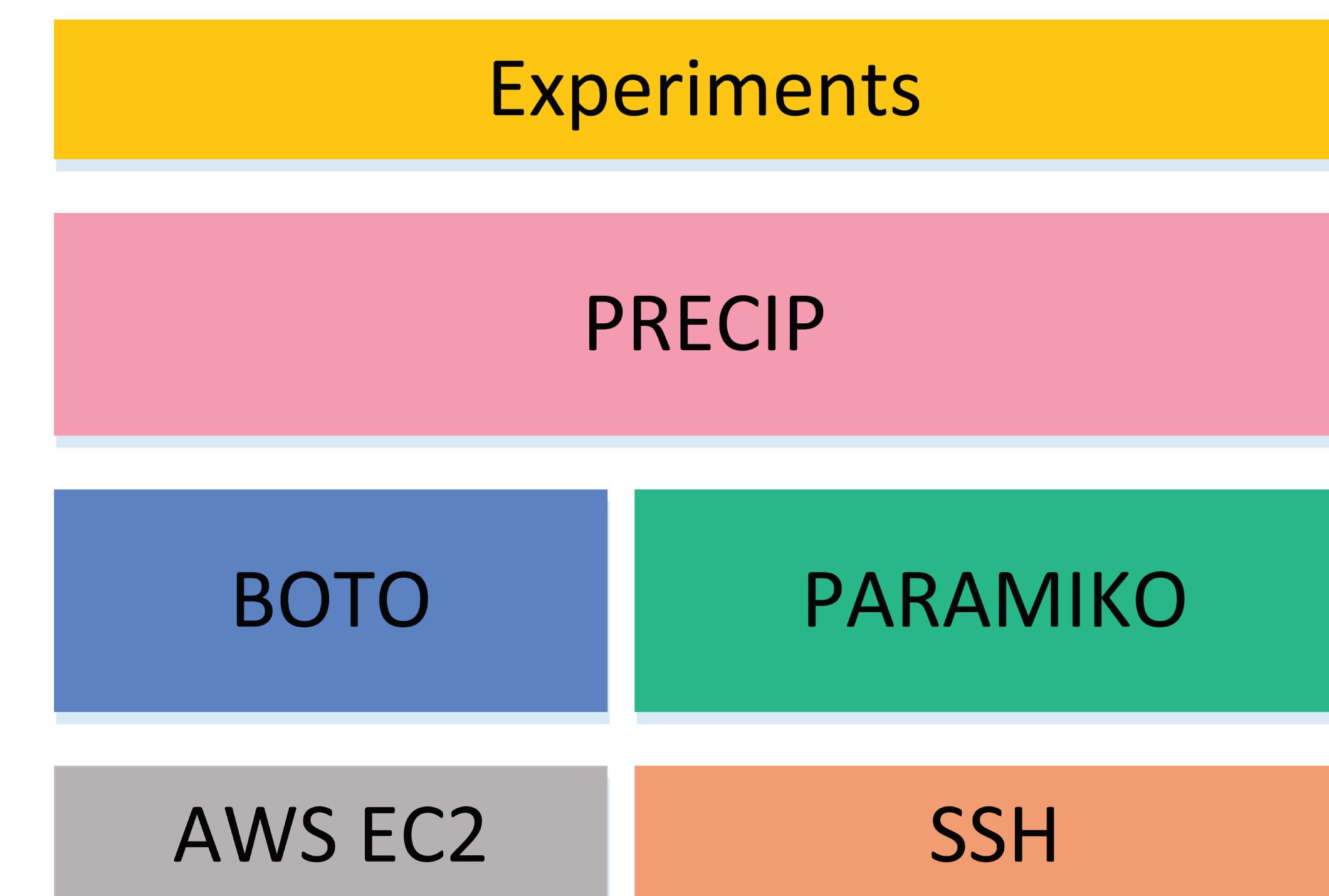
    exp.run(["master"], "cd ~/montage && ./run-montage", user="wf") # Run the Workflow

finally:
    exp.deprovision([]) # Cleaning all the leftovers at the end
  
```



The resulting instances are tagged and used to run the experiment

Architecture



Layered Architecture of PRECIP. This figure depicts that PRECIP is using Boto and Paramiko libraries for EC2 access and SSH functionality.

Virtual Machine Images

- Users can use their own virtual machine images (VMI) that may have special software stacks or custom kernel.
- VMIs do not require to have any PRECIP-specific software installed.
- Experiments can use basic Unix-like images or use the API to run bootstrap scripts on the VMIs to install or configure the required software for more complex experiments.

Future Work

- Help FutureGrid projects with their experiments
- Provide a set of modules for common instance setups, for example: Hadoop, shared filesystem, HTCondor pool, ...
- Integration with logging frameworks such as NetLogger

Acknowledgements

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